HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SUMMIT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SUMMIT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Contents	Page
Report of Independent Auditors	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-6
Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	7-8 9 10-11
Notes to Financial Statements	12-25
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	26-27
Supplementary Information: Schedule of Federal Awards, Findings and Responses Required Pension Information Financial Data Schedule	28 29 30-34



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Commissioners of the Housing Authority of the City of Summit:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Housing Authority of the City of Summit (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net position of the Authority as of December 31, 2020, and the changes in its net position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required pension information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards, findings and responses and financial data schedule are not a required part of the basic financial statements and are presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

The schedule of federal awards, findings and responses and financial data schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of federal awards, findings and responses and financial data schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 21, 2022 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Novognadac & Company LLP

February 21, 2022 Toms River, New Jersey

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As Management of the Authority, we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements as presented elsewhere in this report.

A - Financial Highlights

- 1 The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,658,263 (net position) as opposed to \$5,880,552 for the prior fiscal year.
- 2 As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Authority's proprietary fund reported ending unrestricted net position of \$2,249,544.
- 3 The Authority's cash and cash equivalents balance (including tenant security deposits) at December 31, 2020 was \$3,005,757 representing a decrease of \$174,656 from the prior fiscal year.
- 4 The Authority had total operating revenues of \$2,490,705, and total operating expenses of \$2,280,050 for the year ended December 31, 2020.
- 5 The Authority had capital outlays totaling \$573,512 for the fiscal year.

B – Using the Annual Report

1 - Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's financial statements. The Authority's financial statements and Notes to Financial Statements included in this report were prepared in accordance with GAAP applicable to governmental entities in the United States of America for Proprietary Fund types.

2 - Financial Statements

The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They consist of the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows.

B – Using the Annual Report (continued)

2 - Financial Statements (continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of unrelated cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g.; depreciation and earned but unused vacation leave).

The Statement of Cash Flows reports the cash flows from operating, investing, capital and related financing activities.

The financial statements report on the Authority's activities. The activities are primarily supported by HUD subsidies and grants. The Authority's function is to provide decent, safe and sanitary housing to low income and special needs populations. The financial statements can be found on pages 7 through 11.

3 - Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found in this report after the financial statements.

C – The Authority as a Whole

The Authority's net position decreased during the fiscal year. The Authority's revenues are primarily subsidies and grants received from HUD. The Authority receives subsidies each month based on a pre-approved amount by HUD. Grants are drawn down based on need against a pre-authorized funding level. However, the Authority's revenues were insufficient to cover all expenses, excluding depreciation during the fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the Authority's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment and construction in progress). The Authority uses these capital assets to provide housing services to its tenants; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The unrestricted net position of the Authority is available for future use to provide program services.

D – <u>Budgetary Highlights</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2020, individual program or grant budgets were prepared by the Authority and were approved by the Board of Commissioners. The budgets were prepared in accordance with the accounting procedures prescribed by the applicable funding agency.

As indicated by the excess of revenues over expenses, the Authority's net position increased during the fiscal year.

E – <u>Capital Assets and Debt Administration</u>

1 - Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2020, the Authority's capital assets for its proprietary fund was \$5,182,839 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment and construction in progress.

The Authority spent \$573,512 on capital assets and received \$565,000 of donated capital assets during the year ended December 31, 2020.

Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the Financial Statements, which is included in this report.

2 – <u>Long Term Debt</u>

On March 31, 2017, the Authority entered into a tax exempt, thirty-year bond with Lakeland Bank in the amount of \$1,200,000. The funds received are restricted and must be spent in accordance with HUD approved capital repairs and improvements schedules. The loan is secured by a first lien on the property. Interest accrues at 3.625% annually and the loan matures in July 2047. As of December 31, 2020, the bond payable totaled \$1,118,662.

F – Significant Changes from FYE December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash increased by \$29,656, mainly due to cash flows provided by operating activities.

Capital assets, net increased by \$881,571 due to the purchases and donation of capital assets totaling \$1,138,512 exceeding the Authority's annual depreciation expense of \$256,941 for the year.

F – Significant Changes from FYE December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020 (continued)

Other government grants increased \$591,672 primarily due to the Authority receiving funds from the City of Summit's Affordable Housing Trust Fund during the year ended December 31, 2020.

Administrative expenses increased by \$8,800 mainly due to a pension expense recognized as part of the GASB 68 pension liability as of December 31, 2020.

Ordinary repairs and maintenance expenses increased \$161,396 from \$575,260 in 2019 to \$736,656 in 2020 primarily due to repairs being performed on the Authority's buildings.

G - Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the Authority's budget for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2021.

- 1 The state of the economy, particularly in light of current world affairs.
- 2 The desire for Congress to reduce the national deficit though cutbacks to federal programs.
- 3 The use of the Authority's unrestricted net position to fund any shortfalls rising from a possible economic downturn and reduced subsidies and grants. The Authority's unrestricted net position appears sufficient to cover any shortfall.

H - Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director, Summit Housing Authority, 512 Springfield Avenue, Summit, NJ 07901, or call (908) 273-6413.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SUMMIT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS

Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Tenant security deposits Accounts receivable, net Prepaid expenses	\$ 2,890,360 115,397 12,377 71,731
Total current assets	3,089,865
Non-current assets: Restricted cash Capital assets, net	344,542 5,182,839
Total non-current assets	5,527,381
Total assets	8,617,246

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

State of New Jersey P.E.R.S.	757,055
Total deferred outflows of resources	757,055
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ <u>9,374,301</u>

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SUMMIT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued) DECEMBER 31, 2020

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	99,045
Accrued expenses		10,995
Prepaid rent		12,351
Accrued compensated absences, current		4,141
Tenant security deposits		115,397
Bonds payable, current		25,799
Other current liabilities	_	28,478
Total current liabilities	_	296,206
Non-current liabilities:		
Accrued compensated absences, non-current		37,277
Bonds payable, non-current		1,092,863
Accrued pension liability		893,996
Total non-current liabilities	_	2,024,136
Total liabilities		2,320,342
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
State of New Jersey P.E.R.S.	_	395,696
Total deferred inflows of resources		395,696
NET POSITION		
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets		4,064,177
Restricted		344,542
Unrestricted		2,249,544
Total net position	_	6,658,263
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	9,374,301

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SUMMIT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Operating revenues:	
Tenant revenue	\$ 1,653,055
Other governmental grants	591,672
Other revenues	245,978
Total operating revenues	2,490,705
Operating expenses:	
Administrative	801,066
Tenant services	55,527
Utilities	318,146
Ordinary repairs and maintenance	736,656
Insurance	47,698
General	64,016
Depreciation	256,941
Total operating expenses	2,280,050
Operating income	210,655
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment income	42,344
Interest expense	(40,288)
Donated property	565,000
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	567,056
Change in net position	777,711
Total net position, beginning of year	5,880,552
Total net position, end of year	\$ <u>6,658,263</u>

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SUMMIT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from grantors Cash received from tenants and other Cash paid to employees Cash paid to vendors	\$ 514,256 1,852,142 (790,071) (950,426)
Net cash provided by operating activities	625,901
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Principal payments on bonds payable Interest paid on bonds payable Purchase of capital assets	(24,789) (40,288) (573,512)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(638,589)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received on investments	42,344
Net cash provided by investing activities	42,344
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	29,656
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of year	3,320,643
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of year	\$ <u>3,350,299</u>
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash to the Statement of Net Position is as follows:	
Cash and cash equivalents Tenant security deposits Restricted cash	\$ 2,890,360 115,397 344,542
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of year	\$3,350,299

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SUMMIT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	210,655
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation		256,941
Changes in operating assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:		
Accounts receivable, net		(47,912)
Deferred outflows of resources		275,590
Accounts payable		(24,879)
Accrued expenses		10,995
Tenant security deposits liability		5,185
Prepaid rent		(4,164)
Accrued compensated absences		27,103
Other liabilities		2,031
Accrued pension liability		(111,881)
Deferred inflows of resources	_	26,237
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ <u> </u>	625,901

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

The Housing Authority of the City of Summit (the "Authority") is a governmental, public corporation created under federal and state housing laws as defined by State statute (N.J.S.A. 4A: 12A-1, et. seq., the "Housing Authority Act") for the purpose of engaging in the development, acquisition and administrative activities of the low-income housing program and other programs with similar objectives for low and moderate income families residing in the City of Summit, New Jersey (the "City"). The Authority is responsible for operating certain low-rent housing programs in the City under programs administered by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"). These programs provide housing for eligible families under the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended.

The Authority is governed by a board of seven members who serve five-year terms. The governing board is essentially autonomous, but is responsible to HUD and the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs. An executive director is appointed by the Authority's Board to manage the day-to-day operations of the Authority.

B. Basis of Accounting / Financial Statements Presentation

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The programs of the Authority are organized as separate accounting entities. Each program is accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position (program equity), revenues, and expenses. The individual programs account for the governmental resources allocated to them for the purpose of carrying on specific programs in accordance with laws, regulations, or other restrictions, including those imposed by HUD. The programs of the Authority are combined and considered an enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is used to account for activities that are operated in a manner similar to those found in the private sector.

The Authority's enterprise fund is accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, and losses from assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, as amended ("GASB 34"). GASB 34 requires the basic financial statements to be prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and requires the presentation of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Statement of Cash Flows. GASB 34 also requires the Authority to include Management's Discussion and Analysis as part of the Required Supplementary Information.

The Authority's primary source of non-exchange revenue relates to grants and subsidies. In accordance with GASB 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions* ("GASB 33"), grant and subsidy revenue are recognized at the time eligible program expenditures occur and/or the Authority has complied with the grant and subsidy requirements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Basis of Accounting / Financial Statements Presentation (continued)

The Authority adopted GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* ("GASB 68"). GASB 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenditures associated with pension plans of State and Local Governments. For defined benefit pensions, GASB 68 identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actual present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. In addition, GASB 68 details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with liabilities to a defined benefit pension plan and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution pensions.

The Authority adopted GASB 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions* ("GASB 75"). GASB 75 established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenditures associated with post employment benefits other than pensions ("OPEB") of State and Local Governments. For defined benefit OPEB, GASB 75 identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actual present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. In addition, GASB 75 details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with liabilities to a defined benefit OPEB plan and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution OPEB. However, the Authority did not adopt coverage for certain retirees until December 2019 and as such, no OPEB liability exists as of December 31, 2020.

C. Reporting Entity

In accordance with GASB 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity Omnibus - An Amendment of GASB* 14 and 34, the Authority's basic financial statements include those of the Authority and any component units. Component units are legally separate, tax-exempt organizations whose majority of officials are appointed by the primary government or the organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government and there is a potential for those organizations either to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

An organization has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the primary government if any one of the following conditions exist:

- 1. The primary government (Authority) is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources.
- 2. The primary government is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization.
- 3. The primary government is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Based on the application of the above criteria, this report includes all programs and activities operated by the Authority, including the following blended component unit:

Summit Affordable Housing Corporation ("SAHC")

SAHC is a non-profit organization which was established to identify emerging housing and community development resources and to develop affordable housing in the City.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Description of Programs

The Authority maintains its accounting records by program. A summary of the significant programs operated by the Authority is as follows:

Business Activities Fund

The Business Activities Fund was created as part of the Rental Assistance Demonstration Program ("RAD"). RAD was created in order to give public housing authorities ("PHA") a powerful tool to preserve and improve public housing properties. RAD allows PHA's to leverage public and private debt and equity in order to reinvest in public housing stock. Public housing units move to a Section 8 platform with a long-term contract under which residents continued to pay 30% of their income towards rent. As part of RAD, the Public and Indian Housing Units of the Authority were moved to the non-federal Business Activities Fund.

State and Local Program

The Authority is the recipient of a Congregate Housing Services Program Grant from the State of New Jersey. The State funded grant provides selected supportive services to low-income elderly persons or adults with disabilities, residing in certain subsidized housing facilities.

E. Use of Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include the allowance for doubtful accounts, accrued expenses and other liabilities, depreciable lives of properties and equipment, and contingencies. Actual results could differ significantly from these estimates.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

New Jersey Authorities are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States, or the State of New Jersey, or the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of securities which may be purchased by New Jersey Authorities. The Authority is required to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. N.J.S.A. 17:9-42 requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, when the funds are secured in accordance with the act.

HUD requires housing authorities to invest excess funds in obligations of the United States, Certificates of Deposit, or any other federally insured investment. HUD also requires that deposits be fully collateralized at all times. Acceptable collateralization includes FDIC insurance and the market value of securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Pursuant to HUD restrictions, obligations of the United States are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished as security must be held by the Authority or with an unaffiliated bank or trust company for the account of the Authority.

For the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at time of purchase. It is the Authority's policy to maintain collateralization in accordance with state and HUD requirements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Accounts Receivable, Net

Rents are due from tenants on the first day of each month. As a result, accounts receivable balances primarily consist of rents past due and vacated units. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established to provide for accounts, which may not be collected in the future for any reason. Collection losses on accounts receivable are charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts.

The Authority also recognizes a receivable from other governmental agencies for amounts earned and billed but not received and for amounts unbilled, but earned as of year end.

H. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Authority periodically reviews all accounts receivable to determine the amount, if any, that may be uncollectable. If it is determined that an account or accounts may be uncollectable, the Authority prepares an analysis of such accounts and records an appropriate allowance against such amounts.

I. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent amounts paid as of year-end that will benefit future operations.

J. Capital Assets, Net

Capital assets are stated at cost. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged directly to expense as they are incurred. Expenditures determined to represent additions or betterments are capitalized. Upon the sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and any related gain or loss is reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the following asset groups:

•	Buildings	40 Years
•	Site improvements	15 Years
•	Dwelling equipment	3-7 Years

The Authority has established a capitalization threshold of \$1,000.

K. Impairment of Long Lived Assets

The Authority evaluates events or changes in circumstances affecting long-lived assets to determine whether an impairment of its assets has occurred. If the Authority determines that a capital asset is impaired, and that the impairment is significant and other-than-temporary, then an impairment loss will be recorded in the Authority's financial statements. For the year ended December 31, 2020, there were no impairment losses incurred.

L. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

The Authority recognizes a liability for goods and services received but not paid for as of yearend. It also recognizes a liability for wages and fringe benefits related to services performed at year-end but not yet paid to employees or taxing authorities.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

M. Prepaid Rent

The Authority recognizes a liability for prepaid rents, which consists of the prepayment of rent by residents applicable to future periods.

N. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid leave time is accrued at the estimated amounts of future benefits attributable to services already rendered. Employees may be compensated for accrued vacation leave in the event of retirement or termination of service, at a maximum of ten days. Employees will not be compensated for unused sick leave at retirement. Employees may only accumulate and carry over to the following year the prior year's unused vacation. The Authority's sick leave policy, in accordance with New Jersey State law, allows employees to carry over unused sick leave without penalty, at a maximum of twenty eight days.

O. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS") and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

P. Other Post-Employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the net OPEB, and OPEB expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the State Health Benefits Plan ("SHBP") and additions to/deductions from SHBP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SHBP. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan.

Q. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

R. Equity Classifications

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> - Consists of resources with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - All other resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

S. Operating Revenues and Expenses

The Authority defines its operating revenues as income derived from charges to residents and others for services provided, as well as government subsidies and grants used for operating purposes. Operating expenses are costs incurred in the operation of its program activities to provide services to residents and others. The Authority classifies all other revenues and expenses as non-operating.

T. Taxes

The Authority is a unit of local government under the New Jersey law and is exempt from real estate, sales and income taxes by both the federal and state governments. However, the Authority will pay a payment in lieu of taxes to cover municipal services provided by the local government for certain properties owned throughout the City.

U. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Authority is required by contractual agreements to adopt annual, appropriated operating budgets for all its Enterprise Funds receiving federal awards. All budgets are prepared on a HUD basis, which is materially consistent with GAAP. All appropriations lapse at HUD's program year end or at the end of grant periods. Pursuant to N.J.S.A 40A:5A-10 and N.J.A.C. 5:31 each authority is required to submit a budget for each fiscal year to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services 60 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year.

V. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The Authority is a member of the New Jersey Public Housing Authorities Joint Insurance Fund ("JIF"). The joint insurance pool is both an insured and self-administered group of housing authorities established for the purpose of insuring against property damage, general liability, motor vehicles and equipment liability and workmen's compensation. The JIF will be self-sustaining through member premiums. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage except for deductibles for the previous three years.

NOTE 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of December 31, 2020, the Authority had funds on deposit in checking, savings and money market accounts. The carrying amount of the Authority's cash and cash equivalents (including restricted cash) was \$3,350,299, and the bank balances approximated \$3,429,853.

Cash Category		<u>Amount</u>		
Unrestricted	\$	2,890,360		
Tenant security deposits		115,397		
Restricted		344,542		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,350,299		

Of the bank balance, \$418,026, was covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining \$3,011,827 was collateralized by GUDPA as of December 31, 2020.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2020, the Authority's bank balances were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

As of December 31, 2020, accounts receivable, net totaled \$12,377 and consisted of tenant accounts receivable. Tenant accounts receivable represents amounts owed to the Authority by tenants for outstanding rent. The balance is shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$9,704.

NOTE 4. RESTRICTED DEPOSITS

As of December 31, 2020, restricted deposits consisted of the following:

Description	Amount	
Replacement reserve account Affordable Housing Trust Fund reserves Tenant security deposits	\$	152,871 191,671 115,397
Total restricted deposits	\$	459,939

Replacement reserve escrow funds are restricted for the replacement of capital items related to the properties participating in the RAD Program.

Affordable Housing Trust Fund reserves are restricted for capital improvements related to the multifamily home donated to the Authority during the year ended December 31, 2020.

Tenant security deposits represent amounts held by the Authority on behalf of tenants. Upon termination from the Authority, the tenant is due amounts deposited plus interest earned less any amounts charged for damage to the unit.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS, NET

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the year ended December 31, 2020:

Description	December 31, <u>2019</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	December 31, <u>2020</u>
<u>Non-depreciable</u> : Land Construction in progress Subtotal	\$ 1,697,896 292,977 1,990,873	\$ 113,000 <u>550,472</u> <u>663,472</u>	\$ - 	\$	\$ 1,810,896 <u>843,449</u> 2,654,345
<u>Depreciable:</u> Buildings Furniture and equipment Subtotal	16,272,416 736,767 17,009,183	452,000 23,040 475,040	- 	- 	16,724,416 759,807 17,484,223
Less: accumulated depreciation	14,698,788	256,941			14,955,729
Net capital assets	\$ <u>4,301,268</u>	\$ <u>881,571</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>5,182,839</u>

Depreciation expense for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to \$256,941.

NOTE 6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

As of December 31, 2020, accounts payable consisted of the following:

Description	:	Amount	
Accounts payable - vendors Accounts payable - other government	\$	63,544 35,501	
Total accounts payable	\$	99,045	

Accounts Payable - Vendors

Accounts payable - vendors represents the amounts payable to contractors and vendors for materials received or services rendered.

<u>Accounts Payable - Other Government</u> Accounts payable - other government represents amounts due and payable to the City for payments in lieu of taxes.

NOTE 7. PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES

Under Federal, State and Local law, the Authority's programs are exempt from income, property and excise taxes. However, the Authority is required to make a payment in lieu of taxes ("PILOT") for Authority owned properties in accordance with the provisions of its Cooperation Agreement with the City. Under the Cooperation Agreement, the Authority must pay the City the lesser of 10% of its net shelter rent or the approximate full real property taxes. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Authority incurred PILOT expense in the amount of \$35,501.

NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE

On March 31, 2017, the Authority entered into a tax exempt, thirty year bond with Lakeland Bank in the amount of \$1,200,000. The funds received are restricted and must be spent in accordance with HUD approved capital repairs and improvements schedules. The loan is secured by a first lien on the property. Interest accrues at 3.625% annually and the loan matures in July 2047.

Less: current portion		25,799
Bonds payable, net of current portion	\$ <u></u>	1,092,863

1,118,662

Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2020 totaled \$40,288.

Annual debt service for principal and interest over the next five years and in five year increments thereafter is as follows:

Year		Principal		Interest		Total
	<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>	
2021	\$	25,799	\$	39,278	\$	65,077
2022		26,729		38,348		65,077
2023		27,693		37,384		65,077
2024		28,589		36,488		65,077
2025		29,723		35,354		65,077
2026-2030		165,394		159,991		325,385
2031-2035		197,466		127,919		325,385
2036-2037		617,269		32,843		650,112
	\$	1,118,662	\$	507,605	\$	1,626,267

NOTE 9. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

Non-current liabilities activity during the year ended December 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

Description	December 31, 2019	Additions	Payments/ Retirements	December 31, 2020	Due in One Year
Bonds payable Accrued pension liability Accrued compensated absences	\$ 1,143,451 1,005,877 14,315	\$ <u>-</u> 56,892	\$ (24,789) (111,881) (29,789)	\$ 1,118,662 893,996 41,418	\$ 25,799
Total non-current liabilities	\$ <u>2,163,643</u>	\$ <u>56,892</u>	\$ <u>(166,459)</u>	\$ <u>2,054,076</u>	\$ <u>29,940</u>

NOTE 10. PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The PERS is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the "Division"). For additional information about PERS, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which can be found at https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annual-reports.shtml.

B. Benefits

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

- 1. Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
- 2. Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
- 3. Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
- 4. Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 5. Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of $1/55^{\text{th}}$ of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of $1/60^{\text{th}}$ of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65.

Early retirement benefits are available to tiers one and two before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 years or more of service credit and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

C. Contributions

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by all active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2020, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on the actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of the assets.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLAN (continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2020, the Authority reported a liability of \$893,996, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2019, and rolled forward to June 30, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Authority recognized pension benefit of \$189,946. At December 31, 2020, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources.

	0	Deferred utflows of <u>Resources</u>		Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Changes of Assumptions	\$	29,002	\$	374,325
Changes in Proportion		681,218		18,209
Differences between projected and actual experience		16,278		3,162
Net differences between actual and projected earnings on pension plan investments		30,557	_	
Total	\$	757,055	\$	395,696

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31:	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ 134,386
2022	122,519
2023	70,017
2024	28,313
2025	 6,124
	\$ 361,359

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2020 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2020. This actuarial valuation used the following assumptions:

Inflation Rate:	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary increases:	
Through 2026	2.00 - 6.00%
	based on years of service
Thereafter	3.00 - 7.00%
	based on years of service
Investment rate of return	7.00%

NOTE 10. PENSION PLAN (continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Pre-mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial adjustments used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

F. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and the Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, including the PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected <u>Rate of Return</u>
U.S. Equity	27.00%	7.71%
Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity	13.50%	8.57%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.23%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.42%
Real Assets	3.00%	9.73%
Real Estate	8.00%	9.56%
High Yield	2.00%	5.95%
Private Credit	8.00%	7.59%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	2.67%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	1.94%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	3.40%

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLAN (continued)

H. Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(6.00%)</u>	<u>(7.00%)</u>	<u>(8.00%)</u>
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ <u>1,134,241</u>	\$ <u>893,996</u>	\$ <u>703,136</u>

NOTE 11. OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLAN

In December 2019, the Authority elected to have retirees participate in the SHBP. The SHBP qualifies as a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan in accordance with GASB 75. The SHBP is administered by the State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Pension and Benefits.

Under the SHBP, retirees may continue the health benefits programs in which they are enrolled at the time of retirement, provided the retiree pays the costs of the benefits (at group rates) for themselves and their eligible dependents.

A retiree may also receive Authority-paid health benefits in accordance with labor agreements if they have twenty-five (25) or more years enrolled in the pension system.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the SHBP. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

The SHBP is established under the authority of N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.25 et seq. and regulations adopted by the State Health Benefits Commission. As previously disclosed in Note 1, since the Authority elected to permit retirees to participate in the plan in December 2019 there is no postemployment liability attributed to the Authority as of December 31, 2020.

NOTE 12. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

As of December 31, 2020, restricted net position consisted of the following:

Description		<u>Amount</u>
Reserve for replacements Capital reserve funds	\$	152,871 191,671
Total restricted net position	\$_	344,542

Reserve for replacement funds are restricted for future project expenditures in accordance with the RAD Conversion Commitment.

Affordable Housing Trust Fund reserves are restricted for capital improvements related to the multifamily home donated to the Authority during the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTE 13. DONATION OF PROPERTY

During the year ended December 31, 2020, 68-72 Franklin Place, LLC constructed and donated a multifamily home located in the City to the Authority. The Authority determined a fair market value of the property totaling \$565,000.

NOTE 14. OTHER GOVERNMENTAL GRANTS

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Authority received \$591,672 from the City's Affordable Housing Trust Fund. The City had allocated \$400,000 to the Authority to perform various rehabilitation projects including replacement of deteriorated staircases, windows, and patio doors at the Authority's Glenwood Place Development. The remaining \$191,672 was provided for capital improvements related to the multifamily home donated to the Authority.

NOTE 15. CONTINGENCIES

The Authority receives financial assistance from HUD in the form of grants and subsidies. Entitlement to the funds is generally conditional upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable regulations, including the expenditure of the funds for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants, entitlements and cost reimbursements are subject to financial and compliance audits by HUD. As a result of these audits, costs previously reimbursed could be disallowed and require payments to HUD. As of December 31, 2020, the Authority estimates that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

NOTE 16. VULNERABILITY - IMPACT OF COVID-19

The severity of the impact of COVID-19 on the Authority's operations will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the duration and severity of the pandemic and the extent and severity of the impact on the Authority's tenants and borrowers, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. The Authority's future results could be adversely impacted by delays in rent and loan payment collections. Management is unable to predict with absolute certainty the impact of COVID-19 on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the financial statement date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the financial statement date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the financial statement date require disclosure in the accompanying notes to the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through February 21, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners of the Housing Authority of the City of Summit:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the Housing Authority of the City of Summit (the "Authority"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 21, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Novogodac & Company LLP

February 21, 2022 Toms River, New Jersey

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SUMMIT SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS, FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

I. <u>Federal Awards</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Authority did not receive federal funding.

II. <u>Financial Statement Findings</u>

There were no findings relating to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

III. Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

There were no findings or questioned costs in the prior year.

See Report of Independent Auditors.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SUMMIT REQUIRED PENSION INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2020

SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS***

	Dec	cember 31, <u>2018</u>	De	cember 31, <u>2019</u>	D	ecember 31, <u>2020</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	28,467	\$	54,301	\$	59,972
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		28,467		54,301		<u>59,972</u>
(Over) / under funded	\$		\$		\$	
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$	347,826	\$	318,430	\$	536,163
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		<u>8.18</u> %		<u>17.05</u> %		<u>11.19</u> %

SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THEIR NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS***

	December 31, <u>2018</u>	December 31, <u>2019</u>	December 31, <u>2020</u>
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0029 %	0.0056 %	0.0055 %
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ <u>563,501</u>	\$ <u>1,005,877</u>	\$ <u>893,996</u>
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$347,826	\$318,430	\$536,163
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	<u> 162.01</u> %	<u>315.89</u> %	<u> 166.74</u> %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>53.60</u> %	<u>56.30</u> %	<u>58.32</u> %

*** = Until a full 10 year trend is compiled the Authority is presenting information for those years that are available.

See Report of Independent Auditors.

Summit, NJ

Submission Type: Audited/Non Single Audit

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	1 Business Activities	2 State/Local	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$83,646	\$2,796,149	\$10,565	\$2,890,360
112 Cash - Restricted - Modernization and Development	:	·····		
113 Cash - Other Restricted		\$344,542		\$344,542
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits		\$115,397		\$115,397
115 Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities				
100 Total Cash	\$83,646	\$3,256,088	\$10,565	\$3,350,299
121 Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects				
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	:	:		:
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government				
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous		\$0		\$0
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants		\$22,081		\$22,081
126 1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts, Tonanto		٥		·····
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants		-\$9,704		-\$9,704
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other		\$0		\$0
127 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current				
128 Fraud Recovery				1
128.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud				
129 Accrued Interest Receivable				
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$0	\$12,377	\$0	¢10.077
	φυ	φ12,011	φU	\$12,377
131 Investments - Unrestricted				1
132 Investments - Restricted		······		
135 Investments - Restricted for Payment of Current Liability				
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		\$71,731		\$71,731
143 Inventories				
		·····		•••••••
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories				
144 Inter Program Due From				
145 Assets Held for Sale				1
150 Total Current Assets	\$83,646	\$3,340,196	\$10,565	\$3,434,407
	\$00,040	φ0,040,100	φ10,000	
161 Land		\$1,810,896		\$1,810,896
162 Buildings		\$16,724,416		\$16,724,416
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings		\$304,079		\$304,079
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration		\$439,899	\$15,829	\$455,728
165 Leasehold Improvements				
166 Accumulated Depreciation		-\$14,939,900	-\$15,829	-\$14,955,729
			-@10,020	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
167 Construction in Progress		\$843,449		\$843,449
168 Infrastructure	1			-
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$0	\$5,182,839	\$0	\$5.182.839
	φυ	φ0, 102,000	Ψυ	ψ0,102,000
171 Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current				
172 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Non Current - Past Due	1			1
173 Grants Receivable - Non Current				
174 Other Assets				1
176 Investments in Joint Ventures	•••••			•
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$0	\$5,182,839	\$0	\$5,182,839
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources		\$757,055		
		φισι,000		\$757,055
	·····			

Summit, NJ

Submission Type: Audited/Non Single Audit

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	1 Business Activities	2 State/Local	Total
11 Bank Overdraft				
12 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days		\$63,544		\$63,544
13 Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due				
21 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	¢	\$10,995		\$10,995
22 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	¢	\$4,141		\$4,141
24 Accrued Contingency Liability		÷ .,		• .,
25 Accrued Interest Payable				
31 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs				
32 Account Payable - PHA Projects				
33 Accounts Payable - Other Government		\$35,501		\$35,501
41 Tenant Security Deposits		\$115,397		\$115,397
42 Unearned Revenue		\$12,351		\$12,351
44 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings				
44 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings				
45 Other Current Liabilities				
46 Accrued Liabilities - Other		\$28.478		\$28,478
	······	φ20,470		φ20,470
47 Inter Program - Due To				
48 Loan Liability - Current		\$25,799		\$25,799
10 Total Current Liabilities	\$0	\$296,206	\$0	\$296,206
154 January Dalida Nichol Querranta Querria (Destinate Manteress Destinate	ç	*0		^
151 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue		\$0		\$0
52 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings				
53 Non-current Liabilities - Other		,		,
54 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current		\$37,277		\$37,277
55 Loan Liability - Non Current		\$1,092,863		\$1,092,863
56 FASB 5 Liabilities				
57 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities		\$893,996		\$893,996
50 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$0	\$2,024,136	\$0	\$2,024,136
	ΨŬ	<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>	ψυ	φ2,024,100
00 Total Liabilities	\$0	\$2,320,342	\$0	\$2,320,342
	φU	φ2,320,342	φU	φz,320,34z
00 Deferred Inflow of Resources		\$395,696		\$395,696
	<u>.</u>			
i08.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$4,064,177		\$4,064,177
11.4 Restricted Net Position		\$344,542		
			6 40	\$344,542
12.4 Unrestricted Net Position	\$83,646	\$2,155,333	\$10,565	\$2,249,544
13 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	\$83,646	\$6,564,052	\$10,565	\$6,658,263
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Summit Housing Authority (NJ017)

Summit, NJ

Submission Type: Audited/Non Single Audit

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	1 Business Activities	2 State/Local	Total
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue		\$1,653,055		¢1 652 055
		\$1,053,055		\$1,653,055
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other				
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$0	\$1,653,055	\$0	\$1,653,055
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants				
70610 Capital Grants				
70710 Management Fee				
70720 Asset Management Fee				
70730 Book Keeping Fee				
70740 Front Line Service Fee				
70750 Other Fees				
70700 Total Fee Revenue				
70800 Other Government Grants		\$591,672		\$591,672
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$10	\$40,819		\$40,829
71200 Mortgage Interest Income				
71300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale				
71310 Cost of Sale of Assets				
71400 Fraud Recovery				
71500 Other Revenue		\$809,546	\$1,432	\$810,978
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets				
72000 Investment Income - Restricted		\$1,515		\$1,515
70000 Total Revenue	\$10	\$3,096,607	\$1,432	\$3,098,049
91100 Administrative Salaries		\$327,710		\$327,710
91200 Auditing Fees		\$9,685		\$9,685
91300 Management Fee				\$0,000
91310 Book-keeping Fee				
91400 Advertising and Marketing				
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative		\$334,553		\$334,553
91600 Office Expenses	\$61	\$114,696		\$114,757
91700 Legal Expense		\$14,361		\$14,361
91800 Travel				
91810 Allocated Overhead				
91900 Other				
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$61	\$801,005	\$0	\$801,066
02000 Asset Management Fee				
02100 Tenant Services - Salaries		\$23,964		\$23,964
02200 Relocation Costs				
02300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services		\$10,336		\$10,336
92400 Tenant Services - Other			\$21,227	\$21,227
02500 Total Tenant Services	\$0	\$34,300	\$21,227	\$55,527

Summit, NJ

Submission Type: Audited/Non Single Audit

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	1 Business Activities	2 State/Local	Total
93100 Water		\$66,797		\$66,797
93200 Electricity		\$134,312		\$134,312
93300 Gas		\$45,161		\$45,161
93400 Fuel				
93500 Labor		\$12,000		\$12,000
93600 Sewer		\$57,519		\$57,519
93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities		\$2,357		\$2,357
93800 Other Utilities Expense				
93000 Total Utilities	\$0	\$318,146	\$0	\$318,146
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor		\$207,398	·····	\$207,398
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor 94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other		\$152,684	\$279	\$207,398 \$152,963
			φ∠ <i>ι</i> 9	
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts		\$300,102		\$300,102
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance		\$76,193		\$76,193
94000 Total Maintenance	\$0	\$736,377	\$279	\$736,656
95100 Protective Services - Labor				
95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs				
95300 Protective Services - Other				
95500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective Services				
95000 Total Protective Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
			[
96110 Property Insurance		\$23,848		\$23,848
96120 Liability Insurance		\$11,925		\$11,925
96130 Workmen's Compensation		\$11,925		\$11,925
96140 All Other Insurance		ψ11,020		φ11,525
	*0	¢ 47 600	*0	¢ 47.000
96100 Total insurance Premiums	\$0	\$47,698	\$0	\$47,698
96200 Other General Expenses				
96210 Compensated Absences		\$27,113		\$27,113
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes		\$35,501		
				\$35,501
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents		\$1,402		\$1,402
96500 Bad debt - Mortgages				
96600 Bad debt - Other				
96800 Severance Expense				
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$0	\$64,016	\$0	\$64,016
96710 Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable		\$40,288		\$40,288
96720 Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)				
96730 Amortization of Bond Issue Costs				
96700 Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	\$0	\$40,288	\$0	\$40,288
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Summit Housing Authority (NJ017)

Summit, NJ

Submission Type: Audited/Non Single Audit

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	1 Business Activities	2 State/Local	Total
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	-\$51	\$1,054,777	-\$20.074	\$1,034,652
	ψυτ	¢1,001,111	\$20,074	\$1,004,002
07400 Extraordinary Maintenance		¢0		*0
97100 Extraordinary Maintenance		\$0		\$0
97200 Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized				
97300 Housing Assistance Payments				
97350 HAP Portability-In				
97400 Depreciation Expense		\$256,941		\$256,941
97500 Fraud Losses				
97600 Capital Outlays - Governmental Funds				
97700 Debt Principal Payment - Governmental Funds				
97800 Dwelling Units Rent Expense				
	¢64	¢0.000.771	¢04.500	¢0.000.000
90000 Total Expenses	\$61	\$2,298,771	\$21,506	\$2,320,338
10010 Operating Transfer In				
10020 Operating transfer Out				
10030 Operating Transfers from/to Primary Government				
10040 Operating Transfers from/to Component Unit				
10050 Proceeds from Notes, Loans and Bonds				
10060 Proceeds from Property Sales				
10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss				
10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss)				
10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In				
10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out				
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In				
10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out				
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	-\$51	\$797,836	-\$20,074	\$777,711
	-401	<i><i><i></i></i></i>	-\$20,074	φιτι,ττι
	**	A05.077	**	
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$65,077	\$0	\$65,077
11030 Beginning Equity	\$83,697	\$5,766,216	\$30,639	\$5,880,552
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors				
11050 Changes in Compensated Absence Balance				
11060 Changes in Contingent Liability Balance				
11070 Changes in Unrecognized Pension Transition Liability				
11080 Changes in Special Term/Severance Benefits Liability				
11090 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Dwelling Rents				
11100 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other				
11170 Administrative Fee Equity				
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity				
11190 Unit Months Available	0	2340	0	2340
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	0	2243	0	2243